

## **SSB - ODISHA**

### **Syllabus for Written Examination for Recruitment of College teachers in the Non-government Aided Degree Colleges of Odisha.**

#### **History**

##### **Unit – I**

1. Nature and meaning of history – Objectivity, Interpretation, Scope of history
2. Contributions of Major River Valley Civilizations of the World. Egypt, Mesopotamia, China.
3. Ancient Greece and Rome- Evolution of Athenian Democracy, Art, Architecture and literature of Ancient Rome.
4. Feudalism – Institutions  
Renaissance – Literature and Science
5. Industrial Revolution – Development of Technologies
6. French Revolution of 1789 – Significance  
Unification of Italy and Germany

##### **Unit – II**

1. World War I – Causes,  
League of Nations – Objective and Functions.
2. Totalitarianism in Europe – Russia, Italy and Germany.
3. World War II – Causes
4. UNO – Stages of Formation and Structure, functions of different organs.
5. Cold war – NATO, Warsaw Pact.
6. Civil War in China and establishment of Communist Rule  
American Occupation of Japan – Reforms.

##### **Unit – III**

1. Sources of Indian History – Archaeology, Epigraphy, Numismatic, Literature, Archival.
2. Harappan Civilization – Extent, Town Planning,  
Vedic Polity and Society.
3. Protestant Religious Movement in 6<sup>th</sup> Century B.C. – Jainism and Buddhism.
4. Mauryan - Administration .  
Chola – Local Self government  
Pallav, Pandya – Art and Architecture
5. Guptas – Society and Culture
6. Turko-Afghan Rule in India – Balban, Allauddin Khiji, Mahammad Bin Tughloq.

## Unit – IV

1. Mughal Rule in India – Rajput and Religious Policy of Akbar; Art and Architecture of Shah Jahan, Deccan Policy of Aurangzeb.
2. Expansion of British Rule in India- Robert Clive – Battle of Plassey, Lord Wellesley – Subsidiary Alliance  
Lord Dalhousie – Doctrine of Lapse
3. Impact of British Rule on India – Permanent Settlement, Drain of Wealth, Depeasantisation, Deindustrialisation, Growth of Modern industries . Cotton, Jute and Steel, Growth of Railways.
4. Socio Religions Refom movements- Brahmo Samaj, Arya Samaj, Aligarh Movement.
5. Rise of Indian Nationalism and freedom Movement – Formation of Political Associations; Indian National Congress – Moderates and extremists, Muslim League, Home Rule Movement.
6. Post First – World War Nationalism in India- Non-Co.operation Movement , Civil Disobedience Movement , Quit India Movement, Indian National Army, Partition and Independence of India.

## Unit – V

1. Political History of Ancient and Medieval Odisha-Kalinga War- Kharavela – Somavamshis – Gangas – Suryavamshis
2. Resistance Movements –  
Khurda Revolt- 1804-05, Paik Revolt – 1817, Ghumusar Revolt, Revolt of Veer Surendra Sai
3. Language movement – Fakir Mohan Senapati, Gaurishankar Ray, Radhanath Ray, Madhusudan Rao. Lreation of separate province of Odisha- Madhusudan Das, Krishnachandra Gajapati Narayan Dev.
4. Odisha in Indian National Movement – During Non-co-operation , Civil Disobedience and Quit India movements.
5. Prajamandal Movements – In Nilagiri, Ranapur and Talcher.  
Merger of Princely states with Odisha.

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